

## PRECORSO DI MATEMATICA

### RICHIAMI TEORICI ED ESERCIZI SUI LOGARITMI

Siano  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  con  $a > 0$ ,  $a \neq 1$  e  $b > 0$ .

$$x = \log_a b \iff a^x = b.$$

$a$  si chiama **base** e  $b$  **argomento** del logaritmo.

#### Proprietà dei logaritmi:

- $\log_a(b \cdot c) = \log_a b + \log_a c$
- $\log_a\left(\frac{b}{c}\right) = \log_a b - \log_a c$
- $\log_a(b^n) = n \log_a b$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{R}$
- $\log_a b = \frac{\log_r b}{\log_r a}$ ,  $r > 0$ ,  $r \neq 1$
- $\log_a a = 1$
- $\log_a 1 = 0$

**Esercizio 1:** Calcolare il valore della seguente espressione

$$\log_2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{4\sqrt{2\sqrt[3]{4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}}.$$

*Svolgimento:* Usando le proprietà dei logaritmi si ha

$$\begin{aligned} \log_2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{4\sqrt{2\sqrt[3]{4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}} &= \log_2 \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2\sqrt[3]{4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \log_2 \frac{4\sqrt{2\sqrt[3]{4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \log_2 \left( 4\sqrt{2\sqrt[3]{2^2}} \right) - \log_2 \sqrt[3]{2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \log_2 \left( 2^2 \sqrt{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log_2 2 \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \log_2 \left( 2^2 \cdot \left( 2 \cdot 2^{2/3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \left( \log_2 2^{17/6} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{17}{6} \log_2 2 - \frac{1}{3} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{17}{6} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{5}{8}.
\end{aligned}$$

**Esercizi:** Calcolare il valore delle seguenti espressioni

1.  $\log_5 \sqrt{\frac{125}{5^7}}$
2.  $\log_a \frac{a \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a^3}}$
3.  $\log_2 \left( \sqrt[4]{2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{4} \right)$
4.  $\log_3 \frac{81 \sqrt[5]{27}}{\sqrt{3}}$
5.  $\log_2 \frac{16 \sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{8}}}$
6.  $\log_2 \left( 4^3 \sqrt{\frac{8 \sqrt{4 \sqrt{8}}}{\sqrt{32 \sqrt[3]{2}}}} \right)$
7.  $\log_2 \left( 16 \cdot 2^9 \sqrt{2} \right)$
8.  $\log_a \left( \frac{a^5 \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[3]{a^2}} \right)$
9.  $\log_9 \left( 3 \sqrt{3} \frac{\sqrt[4]{27}}{\sqrt[5]{81}} \right)$
10.  $\log_4 \left( \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot 4^5 \right)$
11.  $\log_8 \left( 2^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{32}}{2 \sqrt[3]{2}}} \right)$
12.  $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{27 \sqrt{3}}}}{9 \sqrt{3}}}$
13.  $\log_4 \sqrt[5]{\frac{4 \sqrt{2 \sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt[3]{4 \sqrt{2}}}}$

14.  $\log_3 (9\sqrt{3})$

15.  $\log_a (a\sqrt{a\sqrt{a}})$

**Esercizio 2:** Semplificare la seguente espressione

$$\log \frac{\sqrt[4]{a^2 b^3 \sqrt[3]{ab}}}{\sqrt{ab\sqrt{a}}}.$$

*Svolgimento:* Usando le proprietà dei logaritmi si ha

$$\begin{aligned} \log \frac{\sqrt[4]{a^2 b^3 \sqrt[3]{ab}}}{\sqrt{ab\sqrt{a}}} &= \log \frac{\sqrt[4]{a^2 b^3 (ab)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{ab \cdot a^{1/2}}} \\ &= \log \frac{\sqrt[4]{a^{2+1/3} \cdot b^{3+1/3}}}{\sqrt{a^{1+1/2} \cdot b}} \\ &= \log \frac{(a^{7/3} \cdot b^{10/3})^{1/4}}{(a^{3/2} \cdot b)^{1/2}} \\ &= \log (a^{7/12-3/4} \cdot b^{5/6-1/2}) \\ &= \log (a^{-1/6} \cdot b^{1/3}) \\ &= \log a^{-1/6} + \log b^{1/3} \\ &= -\frac{1}{6} \log a + \frac{1}{3} \log b. \end{aligned}$$

**Esercizi:** Semplificare le seguenti espressioni

1.  $\log \left( x^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{xy}{\sqrt{x}}} : \sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} \right)$

2.  $\log \sqrt[4]{\frac{ab^2 c \sqrt[3]{a^2 b}}{\sqrt{abc}}} : \sqrt{a\sqrt{b\sqrt{c}}}$

3.  $\log \frac{ab^2 \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a\sqrt{ab}}}$

$$4. \log \left[ \sqrt{\frac{a(a^2-1)\sqrt{a\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a+1}}} : \sqrt{a(a-1)} \right]$$

$$5. \log(\sqrt{3}x(x+y))$$

$$6. \log \left[ 3(x+1)^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{3x+3}} : \sqrt{3x-3} \right]$$

$$7. \log_8 \left( 4 \sqrt[3]{\frac{8\sqrt[4]{2}}{2}} \right) - 2 \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \frac{1}{27} \sqrt[3]{9 \sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{81}}} : \sqrt{3} \right) + \log_9 \left( 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

$$8. \log \sqrt[4]{a^2 \frac{3\sqrt[3]{a}}{a+3}}$$

$$9. \log \left[ \sqrt{(a-1)\sqrt{(a-1)\sqrt{a^2-1}}} : \sqrt[3]{(a^2-1)^2} \right]$$

$$10. \log \left( \frac{3\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{a-2}{2ac}} \right)$$

**Esercizio 3:** Ridurre ad un unico logaritmo la seguente espressione

$$2 \left( \log 2 - \frac{1}{2} \log 3 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (\log 3 - 3 \log 2).$$

*Svolgimento:* Usando le proprietà dei logaritmi si ha

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \left( \log 2 - \frac{1}{2} \log 3 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (\log 3 - 3 \log 2) &= 2 \left( \log 2 - \log 3^{1/2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (\log 3 - \log 2^3) \\ &= 2 \log \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{3}{8} \\ &= \log \left( \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^2 + \log \left( \frac{3}{8} \right)^{1/2} \\ &= \log \frac{4}{3} + \log \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} \\ &= \log \left( \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} \right) = \log \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}. \end{aligned}$$

**Esercizi:** Ridurre ad un unico logaritmo le seguenti espressioni

1.  $\log a - 3 \log b + 2 (\log a - \log b)$
2.  $x \log 4 - (x - 1) \log 2 + 3 (x \log 2 - \log 3) + (x + 1) \log 3$
3.  $\frac{1}{3} \log m - \frac{1}{2} \log n - \frac{1}{2} \left( \log m + \frac{2}{5} \log n \right)$
4.  $\frac{2}{3} \left[ \log (a - b) - \frac{2}{3} (\log a + \log b) + 3 \log a \right]$
5.  $\frac{3}{4} \log x - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \log x - 2 \left( \log x + \frac{1}{3} \log x \right) \right]$
6.  $\frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \log x + \log y \right) + 3 \log x - \log y \right]$
7.  $2 \log b + \frac{1}{2} \left[ \log a - \frac{1}{2} (\log a - \log b) \right]$
8.  $\log a + \frac{1}{3} \left\{ 2 \log a + \frac{1}{2} [2 \log a - \log (2 - a)] \right\}$
9.  $\log 6 - \frac{2}{3} \log 27 + \log 3 - 2 \log 2$
10.  $\frac{1}{2} \log (1 - x) - \frac{1}{2} \log (1 - x^2) + 2 \log x$